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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree (CBCS) Examination

Theory of Elasticity

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

MODULE – I

- 1 a Derive the equations of equilibrium for a 2-D stress state. (08 Marks)
- b State of stress at a point is given by $\sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6 & 9 \\ 6 & 10 & 3 \\ 9 & 3 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$ MPa. Find principal stresses and directions. (08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a A point under three dimensional stress system is on xyz coordinate system. Derive the Cauchy's stress equations for the component of the stresses on an arbitrary plane. (08 Marks)
- b A rectangular component of stress at a point are given as follows:
 $\sigma_x = 100$ MPa, $\sigma_y = 75$ MPa, $\sigma_z = 50$ MPa
 $\sigma_{xy} = 70$ MPa, $\sigma_{yz} = 50$ MPa, $\sigma_{xz} = 30$ MPa (08 Marks)
- a) Find stresses on octahedral plane
- b) Stress on plane whose outward normal has direction cosines $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

MODULE – II

- 3 a Derive the first and second set of compatibility equations. (10 Marks)
- b The displacement field is given by $u = (x^2+2z)$; $v = (4x+2y^2+z)$; $w = (4z^2)$. What are the strain components at (2, 2, 3) and express them in matrix form. (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a Discuss the significance of compatibility conditions. Also, define plane state of strain. (06 Marks)
- b If strain at a point is given as follows: (10 Marks)
- $\epsilon_x = 4 \times 10^{-3}$, $\epsilon_y = 3 \times 10^{-3}$, $\epsilon_z = 2 \times 10^{-3}$
 $\gamma_{xy} = 2 \times 10^{-3}$, $\gamma_{yz} = 1 \times 10^{-3}$, $\gamma_{xz} = -3 \times 10^{-3}$
- Find the principal strains and determine the direction cosines of maximum principal strain.

MODULE – III

- 5 a Determine the bending stress component in case of bending of cantilever beam by an end load. (09 Marks)
- b A thick cylinder of internal diameter 150 mm and external diameter 200 mm is simultaneously subjected to internal pressure of 10 MPa and external pressure of 4 MPa. Given, $E = 2 \times 10^5$ MPa and $\nu = 0.25$. Determine: (07 Marks)
- a) Circumferential stresses at r_i and r_o .
- b) Plot variation of radial and hoop stress across the thickness.
- c) Change in internal and external radii.

Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written e.g., 38+2 = 40, will be treated as malpractice.
 as malpractice.

OR

- 6 a** Derive the equations of equilibrium in polar coordinates. (10 Marks)
- b** The state of stress at a point is given by:
 $\sigma_x = 200 \text{ MPa}$, $\sigma_y = -100 \text{ MPa}$, $\sigma_z = 50 \text{ MPa}$
 $\sigma_{xy} = 40 \text{ MPa}$, $\sigma_{yz} = 50 \text{ MPa}$, $\sigma_{zx} = 60 \text{ MPa}$. (06 Marks)
- If $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ and $G = 0.8 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, find the corresponding strain components from Hooke's law. Take $\nu = 0.2$.

MODULE – IV

- 7 a** Determine the maximum shear stress under torsion of a circular bar. (16 Marks)

OR

- 8 a** Derive expressions for shearing stresses induced in a bar of elliptical cross section that is subjected to a twisting moment. Also, show that maximum stress occurs at the ends of the minor axis of ellipse. (08 Marks)
- b** A hollow disc of internal radius 100 mm and external radius 150 mm rotates at 200 rpm. Determine the circumferential stress at r_i and r_o . Also, find the change in internal and external radius. Assume: $\rho = 7.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg/mm}^3$, $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ MPa}$ and $\nu = 0.3$. (08 Marks)

MODULE – V

- 9 a** Determine the radial and tangential stress distribution in a solid long cylinder subjected to a radial temperature distribution. (09 Marks)
- b** Derive Euler's expression for buckling load for column with one end fixed and other end free. (07 Marks)

OR

- 10 a** Derive the expressions for stress components in a thin circular disc subjected to temperature. (10 Marks)
- b** Explain the significance of thermo-elastic stresses. Also, write the thermo-elastic stress strain relations. (06 Marks)